

### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Sand

Product Number : 274739  
Brand : Sigma-Aldrich

Company : Sigma-Aldrich  
3050 Spruce Street  
SAINT LOUIS MO 63103  
USA

Telephone : +18003255832  
Fax : +18003255052  
Emergency Phone # : (314) 776-6555

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### Emergency Overview

##### OSHA Hazards

Target Organ Effect, Carcinogen

##### Target Organs

Lungs

##### GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statement(s)

H373

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Precautionary statement(s)

none

##### HMIS Classification

Health hazard: 0

Chronic Health Hazard: \*

Flammability: 0

Physical hazards: 0

##### NFPA Rating

Health hazard: 0

Fire: 0

Reactivity Hazard: 0

##### Potential Health Effects

**Inhalation** : May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation.

**Skin** : May be harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause skin irritation.

**Eyes** : May cause eye irritation.

**Ingestion** : May be harmful if swallowed.

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Synonyms : Silicon dioxide

Quartz  
Sand, white quartz

Formula : O<sub>2</sub>Si  
Molecular Weight : 60.08 g/mol

CAS-No.	EC-No.	Index-No.	Concentration
<b>Quartz</b>			
14808-60-7	238-878-4	-	-

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#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

##### General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.

##### If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

##### In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

##### In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

##### If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

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#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

##### Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

##### Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

##### Further information

The product itself does not burn.

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#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

##### Personal precautions

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing dust. Ensure adequate ventilation.

##### Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

##### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

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#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

##### Precautions for safe handling

Avoid formation of dust and aerosols.

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.

##### Conditions for safe storage

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

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#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

##### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Remarks	Millions of particles per cubic foot of air, based on impinger samples counted by light-field				

	<p>techniques. The percentage of crystalline silica in the formula is the amount determined from airborne samples, except in those instances in which other methods have been shown to be applicable. Both concentration and percent quartz for the application of this limit are to be determined from the fraction passing a size-selector with the following characteristics: Aerodynamic diameter (unit density sphere): 2; Percent passing selector: 90 Aerodynamic diameter (unit density sphere): 2,5; Percent passing selector: 75 Aerodynamic diameter (unit density sphere): 3,5; Percent passing selector: 50 Aerodynamic diameter (unit density sphere): 5,0; Percent passing selector: 25 Aerodynamic diameter (unit density sphere): 10; Percent passing selector: 0 The measurements under this note refer to the use of an AEC (now NRC) instrument. The respirable fraction of coal dust is determined with an MRE; the figure corresponding to that of 2.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> in the table for coal dust is 4.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. mppcf X 35.3 = million particles per cubic meter = particles per c.c</p>				
	<p>Millions of particles per cubic foot of air, based on impinger samples counted by light-field techniques. The percentage of crystalline silica in the formula is the amount determined from airborne samples, except in those instances in which other methods have been shown to be applicable. Both concentration and percent quartz for the application of this limit are to be determined from the fraction passing a size-selector with the following characteristics: Aerodynamic diameter (unit density sphere): 2; Percent passing selector: 90 Aerodynamic diameter (unit density sphere): 2,5; Percent passing selector: 75 Aerodynamic diameter (unit density sphere): 3,5; Percent passing selector: 50 Aerodynamic diameter (unit density sphere): 5,0; Percent passing selector: 25 Aerodynamic diameter (unit density sphere): 10; Percent passing selector: 0 The measurements under this note refer to the use of an AEC (now NRC) instrument. The respirable fraction of coal dust is determined with an MRE; the figure corresponding to that of 2.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> in the table for coal dust is 4.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. mppcf X 35.3 = million particles per cubic meter = particles per c.c</p>				
Quartz	14808-60-7	TWA	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2005-12-09	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
	<p>Suspected human carcinogen: Human data are accepted as adequate in quality but are conflicting or insufficient to classify the agent as a confirmed human carcinogen; OR, the agent is carcinogenic in experimental animals at dose(s), by route(s) of exposure, at site(s), of histologic type(s), or by mechanism(s) considered relevant to worker exposure. The A2 is used primarily when there is limited evidence of carcinogenicity in humans and sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental animals with relevance to humans. Respirable fraction; see Appendix C, paragraph C.</p>				
		TWA	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2007-01-01	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
	<p>Lung cancer Pulmonary fibrosis Suspected human carcinogen: Human data are accepted as adequate in quality but are conflicting or insufficient to classify the agent as a confirmed human carcinogen; OR, the agent is carcinogenic in experimental animals at dose(s), by route(s) of exposure, at site(s), of histologic type(s), or by mechanism(s) considered relevant to worker exposure. The A2 is used primarily when there is limited evidence of carcinogenicity in humans and sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental animals with relevance to humans.</p>				
		TWA	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1989-01-19	USA. OSHA - TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants - 1910.1000

## Personal protective equipment

### Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a dust mask type N95 (US) or type P1 (EN 143) respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

### Hand protection

Handle with gloves.

### Eye protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

### Skin and body protection

Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

### Hygiene measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

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## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Appearance

Form                      solid

### Safety data

pH                         no data available  
Melting point            no data available  
Boiling point            no data available  
Flash point              no data available  
Ignition temperature    no data available  
Lower explosion limit    no data available  
Upper explosion limit    no data available  
Water solubility         no data available

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## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### Conditions to avoid

no data available

### Materials to avoid

Hydrogen fluoride

### Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - silicon oxides

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## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Acute toxicity

no data available

### Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

no data available

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

### Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

### Carcinogenicity

IARC:            2A - Group 2A: Probably carcinogenic to humans (Quartz)  
                     1 - Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans (Quartz)  
                     1 - Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans (Quartz)  
IARC:            2A - Group 2A: Probably carcinogenic to humans (Quartz)  
                     1 - Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans (Quartz)  
                     1 - Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans (Quartz)  
NTP:             Known to be human carcinogen (Quartz)

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

**Reproductive toxicity**

no data available

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (GHS)**

no data available

**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (GHS)**

Inhalation - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Aspiration hazard**

no data available

**Potential health effects**

<b>Inhalation</b>	May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	May be harmful if swallowed.
<b>Skin</b>	May be harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause skin irritation.
<b>Eyes</b>	May cause eye irritation.

**Signs and Symptoms of Exposure**

Prolonged inhalation of crystalline silica may result in silicosis, a disabling pulmonary fibrosis characterized by fibrotic changes and miliary nodules in the lungs, a dry cough, shortness of breath, emphysema, decreased chest expansion, and increased susceptibility to tuberculosis. In advanced stages, loss of appetite, pleuritic pain, and total incapacity to work. Advanced silicosis may result in death due to cardiac failure or destruction of lung tissue. Crystalline silica is classified as group 1 "known to be carcinogenic to humans" by IARC and "sufficient evidence" of carcinogenicity by the NTP., The chronic health risks are associated with respirable particles of 3-4 um over protracted periods of time. Currently, there is a limited understanding of the mechanisms of quartz toxicity, including its mechanisms for lung carcinogenicity. Additional studies are needed to determine whether the cell transforming activity of quartz is related to its carcinogenic potential.

**Additional Information**

RTECS: VV7330000

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**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Toxicity**

no data available

**Persistence and degradability**

no data available

**Bioaccumulative potential**

no data available

**Mobility in soil**

no data available

**PBT and vPvB assessment**

no data available

**Other adverse effects**

no data available

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**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Product**

Observe all federal, state, and local environmental regulations. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.

**Contaminated packaging**

Dispose of as unused product.

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**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**DOT (US)**

Not dangerous goods

**IMDG**

Not dangerous goods

**IATA**

Not dangerous goods

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION****OSHA Hazards**

Target Organ Effect, Carcinogen

**DSL Status**

All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL list.

**SARA 302 Components**

SARA 302: No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

**SARA 313 Components**

SARA 313: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

**SARA 311/312 Hazards**

Chronic Health Hazard

**Massachusetts Right To Know Components**

Quartz

CAS-No.  
14808-60-7Revision Date  
2007-03-01**Pennsylvania Right To Know Components**

Quartz

CAS-No.  
14808-60-7Revision Date  
2007-03-01**New Jersey Right To Know Components**

Quartz

CAS-No.  
14808-60-7Revision Date  
2007-03-01**California Prop. 65 Components**

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Quartz

CAS-No.  
14808-60-7Revision Date  
1988-10-01**16. OTHER INFORMATION****Further information**

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